

Hall Current Sensor- TU301-OCS

$I_{PN}=50..300A$

For the electronic measurement of currents:DC,AC,pulsed,mixed,
with a galvanic isolation between the primary(high power)
circuit and the secondary(electronic) circuit.



RoHS COMPLIANT



● Operating performance (AT =25°C)

Performance	Model	TU500 OCS	TU750 OCS	TU101 OCS	TU201 OCS	TU301 OCS
Primary nominal r.m.s. current	I_{PN} (A)	50	75	100	200	300
Primary current measuring range	I_P (A)	0~±100	0~±150	0~±200	0~±400	0~±600
Supply voltage	V_{CC}		±15V (±5%)			
Output voltage	V_{OUT}		4V ±1% @± I_{PN} , $R_L=10K\Omega$			
Current consumption	I_C		≤±20mA @ ± I_{PN}			
Offset voltage	V_O		<±0.03V @ $I_P=0, T_A=25^\circ C$			
Thermal drift of V_O	V_{OT}	≤±1mV/°C	≤±0.5mV/°C			
Thermal drift of V_{OUT}	$TC\varepsilon_G$		<±0.04%/°C			
Response time	t_r		<5μs			
Linearity	ε_L		≤±1% @0~± I_{PN}			
Accuracy	X		±1 @ I_{PN}			
Hysteresis offset voltage	V_{OH}		≤±20mV @±3 $I_{PN}\rightarrow 0$			
Isolation voltage	V_d		3KV @50(60)HZ/1min			
Frequency bandwidth	f		0~50KHz			

● General data

Operating temperature	T_O	-25~+85°C
Storage temperature	T_S	-40~+85°C
Mass	m	26g
Note	Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0	

● Applications

- ◆ AC variable speed drives
- ◆ Static converters for DC motor drives
- ◆ Battery supplied applications
- ◆ Switched Mode Power Supplies(SMPS)
- ◆ Uninterruptible Power Supplies(UPS)
- ◆ Power supplies for welding applications.

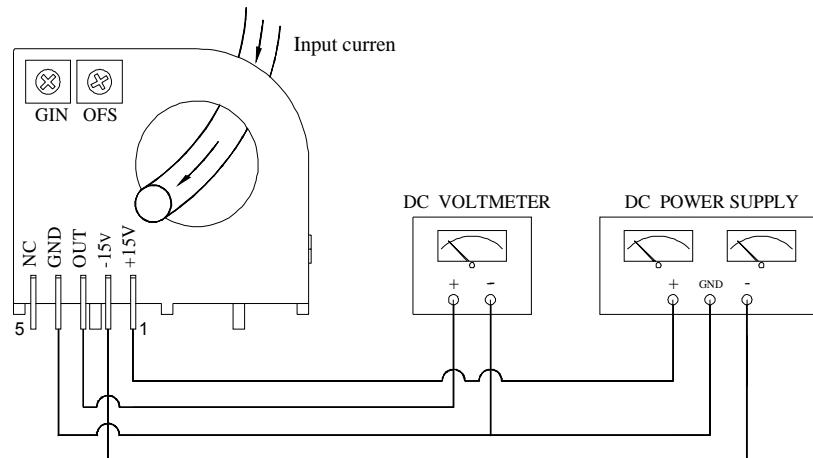
● Advantages

- ◆ Low insertion losses
- ◆ Only one design for wide current ratings range
- ◆ Easy to mount with automatic handling system
- ◆ High immunity to external interference
- ◆ Small size and space saving

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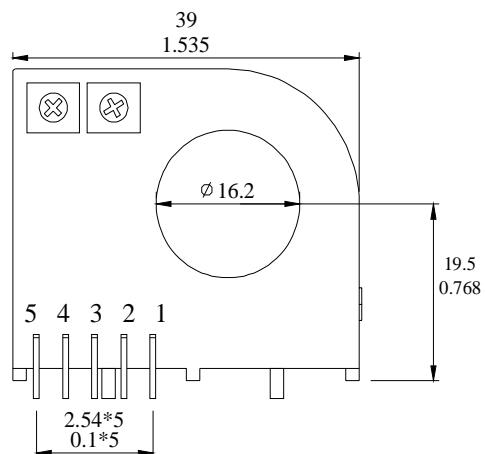
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● Connection

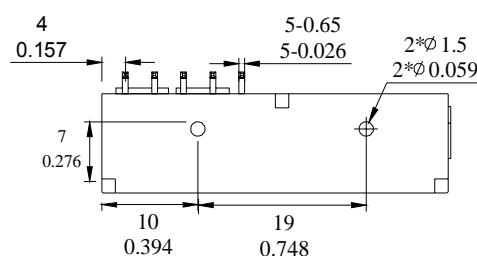
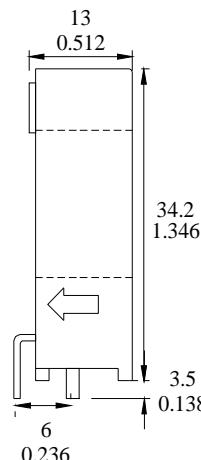


● Dimensions (Unit:mm/inch)

Front View



Right View



Bottom View

Secondary terminals	
terminal 1	+15V
terminal 2	-15V
terminal 3	OUTPUT
terminal 4	GND
terminal 5	NC

Tol : $\pm 0.3\text{mm}/0.012\text{inch}$

● Remarks

- ◆ V_{OUT} is positive when I_P flows in the direction of the arrow.
- ◆ Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- ◆ These are standard models. For different versions(supply voltages, secondary connections, unidirectional measurements, operating temperatures, etc.)please contact us.